

An Open Source Framework for Surgical Simulation

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**ISC / NA-MIC / MICCAI Workshop on Open Source and Data for Medical
Image Computing and Computer-Assisted Intervention**

October 1st – Copenhagen (Denmark)

9TH MICCAI CONFERENCE 1-6 OCT.

- The surgery is progressing to **assisted and minimally invasive (MIS)**.



- **MIS** is changing the surgical procedures, and learning & training processes are needed.

- **Emergency or special situations** need to be trained under control.

- A new concept of surgery is starting:
MIS + Robotic Assisted= MIRS.



- The complexity of the **MIRS Systems** requires specific, specialized and “localized” training.

Teaching Motivation

- Traditionally, the education of surgeons has consisted of “**learning on the job**”.

This is **not** always **the best way to learn**, and **still more** in the case of **MIS/MIRS**, or **emergency situations**.



- Surgeons **need** to **learn** and **train**, using their know-how. The medical education methods have to adapt to the advances of medical technology.

Teaching Motivation

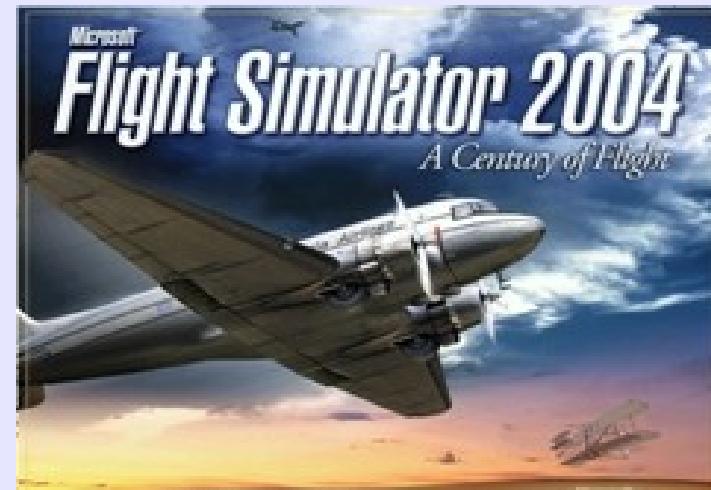
- MIS medical education is based on **physical simulators (hardware), corpses and ,in-vivo, animals.**

These techniques need the **expert supervision**.

- The **trend** is towards **virtual simulation training** before in-vivo.

Virtual simulation teaches basic skills (**expert supervision is not needed**) before training in-vivo.

- This is not a new idea. This **type of education** has been used successfully in other areas.



- Virtual surgical simulation is an ongoing **research line**.
- There exists software for surgical simulation, **but....**

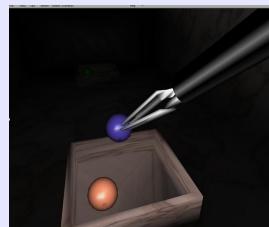
Commercial packages are **so expensive** (i.e. for laparoscopic surgery, the **price of basic skills exercises is > 25000 €**) and the software architecture is **not open**.



Open source packages **don't fit our requirements**



OpenTissue (www.opentissue.org) a wonderful toolkit licensed under LGPL, but has a strong third-party dependency.



Spring (<http://spring.stanford.edu/>) a very interesting software package licensed under GPL and distributed at sourceforge.

Requirements

- We need **open source** and **multiplatform** software.
- We need open source and powerful **software development tools** for building, testing, versions controlling, generating documentation automatically, etc.
- We need an open source **object-oriented approach to 3D graphics**.
- We need an open source **scripting language** for simple **GUIs**.
- We need an open source **software for 3D modeling, animation, rendering, post-production, interactive creation and playback**.
- We need to **connect** software for 3D modeling to object-oriented library for 3D graphics and 3D medical image processing (i.e. Slicer).
- We need a **wide community of development to share experiences** and **support**.
- We need a **flexible license**.

Requirements

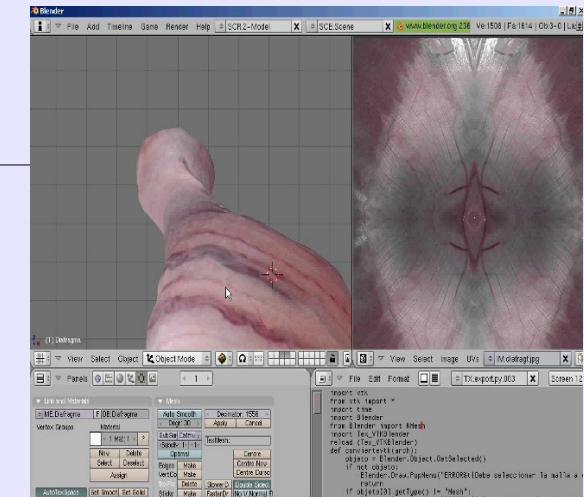
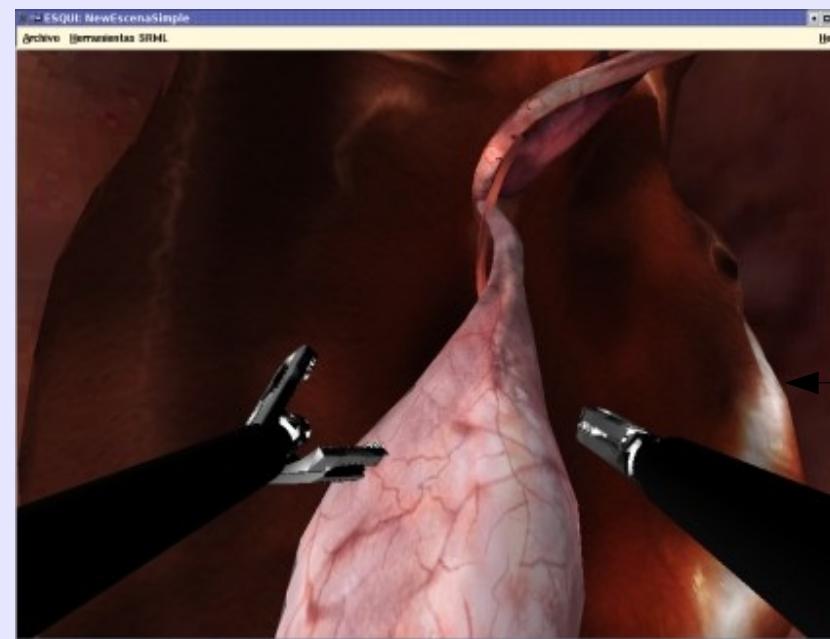
“the **medical imaging industry** has, to our knowledge, essentially universally **rejected** the idea of **accepting GPL code** in any work that might become a product”.

“many **academic researchers** elect to **distribute** software in **binary form** during testing prior to publication, a practice **incompatible** with a **strict** interpretation of **GPL requirements**”.

The NA-MIC Kit .. ISBI 2006 - Steve Pieper et al.

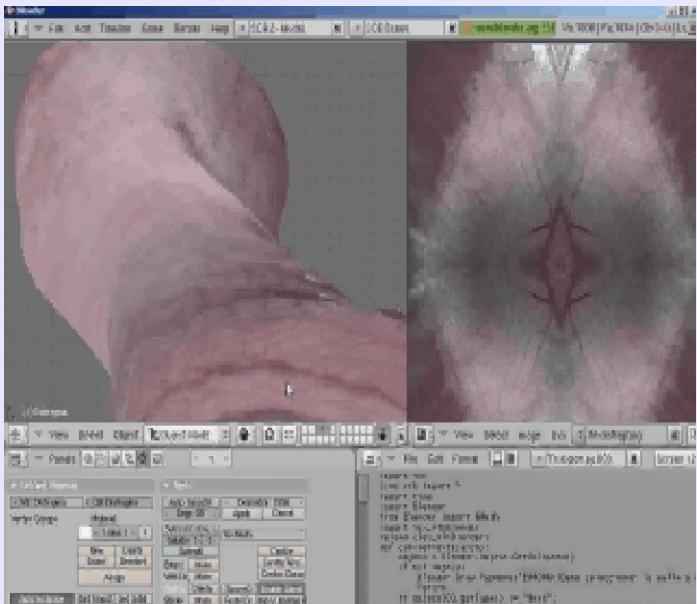


Our proposal: ESQUI



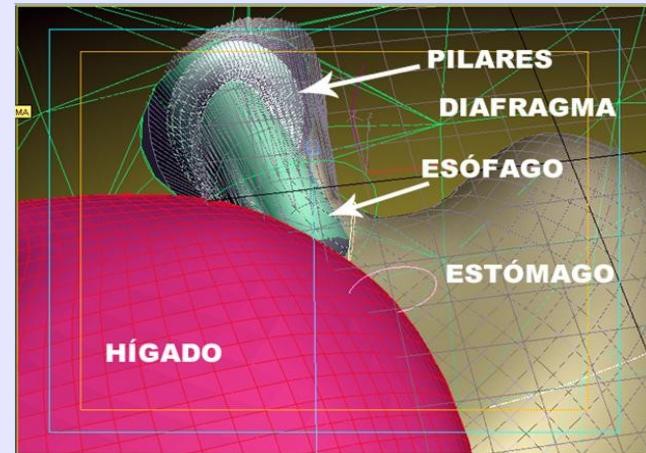
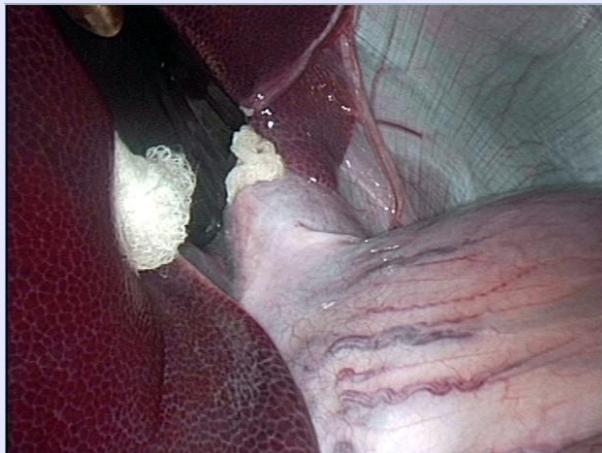
- **3D modeling** and the effects of **texture and realims** addition is done using **Blender** (www.blender.org).

- This is an open source and multiplatform software.
- It presents tools for 3D modeling and post-production.
- It has a command interface under python.



- We have **improved a vtk to Blender open source script** to exchange 3D models.

- A **surgical scene** is very **complex**, still more if it is for a surgical simulator.



- A **general description file** is needed. This file should be **clear**, **extensible** and **adaptable**.
- Surgical Reality Modeling Language (**SRML**) is a descriptor file of the virtual surgical scene.
 - Path to virtual models (organs and tools) and textures.
 - Information about biomechanic model, haptics, cameras, etc.
 - Environment properties.
- Avoid multiple ascii files without any structure. Also, it is **useful** for **step-by-step teaching exercises**.

- **Virtual simulation** needs **deformations (biomechanics)** and **collisions** models.

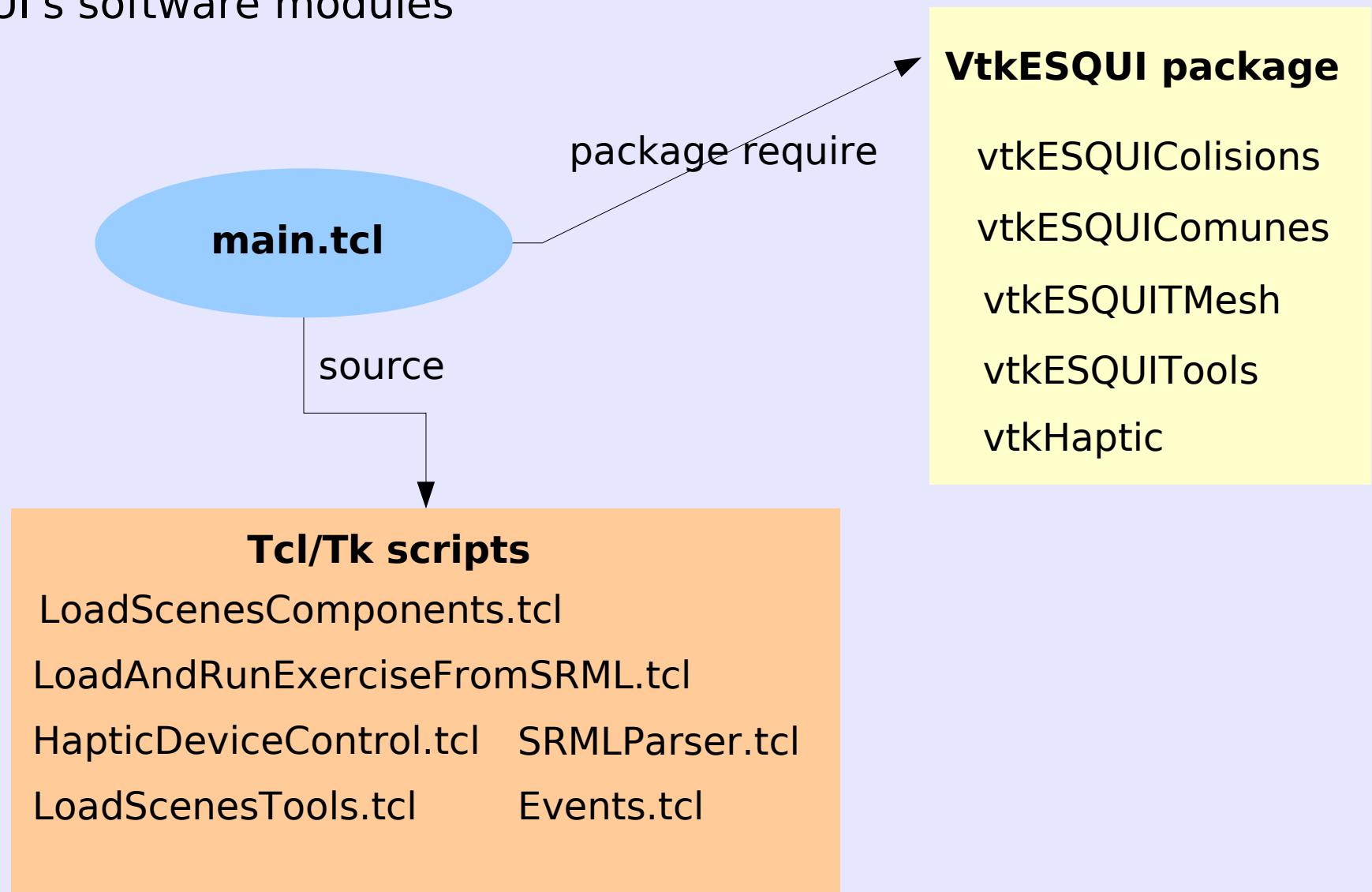
ESQUI contains **VTK classes** to include new algorithms for **deformation** or **collisions**. At the present version, we have wrapped under VTK the collision algorithm ColDetect Library (Laugier et al.) and implemented the biomechanic model (mass-spring) of C. Monserrat's Thesis.

- **Virtual simulation** needs an **human-machice interface (haptic)**.

ESQUI contains **VTK classes** to include new **haptic devices**. At the present version, we have wrapped under VTK the API of a commercial laparoscopic device (LSW - Immersion).



ESQUI's software modules



main.tcl: AbrirArchivo \$file at (LoadAndRunExerciseFromSRML.tcl)

create and initialize objects

vtkCollision

vtkToolCollection

vtkOrganCollection

extract data from **SRML** : SRMLReadVersion at (SRMLParser.tcl)

```
<scene> <Tools load data vtkToolCollection></Tools><scene>
<undeformable> <UnDefModel load data static models>
</UnDefModel></undeformable>
<deformable> <DefModel load data that can be deformed
vtkOrganCollection ></DefModel></deformable>
```

vtkCollision load vtkToolCollection/vtkOrganCollection

initialize **vtkSimulation**

Static Models: SRMLReadVersion “Undeformable”

```
<undeformable> <UnDefModel load data that cannot be deformed>  
</UnDefModel></undeformable>
```

LoadUndefModels \$list at (LoadSceneComponents.tcl)

Rendering

Dynamic Models: SRMLReadVersion “Deformable”

```
<deformable> <DefModel load data that can be deformed>  
></DefModel></deformable>
```

LoadDefModels \$list at (LoadSceneComponents.tcl)

vtkT2Mesh (biomechanic model)

vtkOrganCollection

Tools and environment:

SRMLReadVersion “scene”

LoadEnvironment \$list at (LoadSceneComponents.tcl)

vtkLight

vtkCamera

NewAddTool at
(LoadSceneTools.tcl)

start

vtkToolScissors/vtkToolGPincers

vtkToolCollection

vtkSimulation::
SimulationStep



HapticData
(HapticDeviceControl.tcl)

Conclusions and Future lines

We have presented a framework for virtual surgical simulation. This framework is:

- Open source and multiplatform.
- Adaptable to any type of MIS.
- Adaptable to any type of haptic.
- Propose a virtual scene description file: SRML.
- Exchange virtual scenarios with 3D medical image software.

However, we **have too much work to do**:

- Translate to english source code comments and documentation, and the GUI menu. Improve install file and a the quickstart (**urgently**).
- We have to improve the biomechanic and collision models. Include more algorithms (i.e. vtkBioeng collision library) (**urgent**).
- Include the haptic force feedback.
- Open our subversion server.
- Install and use dart for testing, report and dashboards.
- Implement a python script to export SRML files from Blender.
- Implement didactic exercises and a database module to report score/statistics.
- We need medical validation and clinical feedback. We are starting to work with some endovascular surgeons.
- etc.

Acknowledgments

This presentation will be uploaded to the IJ site.

Thank you

TIC2001-38008-C02-01



TEC2004-06647-C03-02

Sinergia Consortium
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